

Project Canada Surveys Press Release Easter Sunday, April 8, 2012



Religion and Spirituality in Canada

Religion and Spirituality Remain Pervasive Latest National Survey Findings

With the decline in church attendance over the past fifty years, many observers have assumed that it's just a matter of time before religious and spiritual matters are relegated to Canadian history. It seems those experts have failed to tell Canadians. This Easter weekend, the 12 million Canadians who will probably attend services will be close the number of watched the opening ceremonies of the 2010 Olympics in Vancouver. And lots of others will be pursuing spiritual interests in other ways.

National research findings through 2010 analyzed by prominent sociologist and religious trends analyst Reginald Bibby of the University of Lethbridge show that, since the 1970s, the proportion of Canadians who never attend services has doubled from about 20% to 40%. However, in the last decade, the proportion of people who worship at least once a month has remained steady at around 30%. The remaining 30% of Canadians are sort of like "the politically undecided": they haven't dropped out and occasionally drop in.

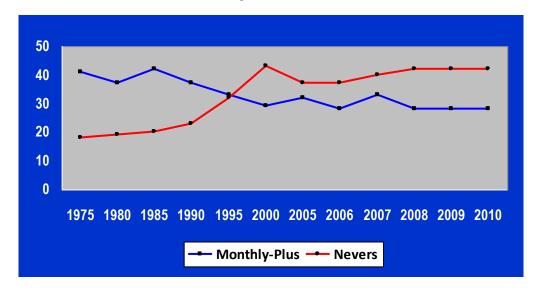
But what is particularly striking about a new snapshot provided by Statistics Canada's most recent, 2010 General Social Survey of more than 15,000 people is the actual importance that Canadians place on religion and spirituality.

- No less than 2 in 3 people across the country say that their religious or spiritual beliefs are important to the way they live their lives.
- What's more, 1 in 2 report that that they engage in *personal religious or spiritual practices* at least once a month.
- The fact that many Canadians do not give up on spirituality even when they do not embrace organized religion is suggested by some stark findings: almost one-half (42%) of those who never attend services say their religious or spiritual beliefs are important to how they live life, and about one-quarter (27%) report that they engage in related practices every month or more.
- The importance of religion and spirituality is somewhat higher in the Atlantic and Prairie regions, along with Ontario; it also tends to be higher among women than men. Canadians show a greater inclination to embrace religion and spirituality as they get older. Yet, despite these variations, majorities of people in every demographic and social category acknowledge the important of their religious or spiritual beliefs in the way they live their lives.

Bibby concludes that it's not just a case of Canadians opting for spirituality over organized religion. "Obviously some are. But our research has found that as many as 6 in 10 people who seldom attend services are open to greater involvement. However, they also tell us that they need to find that groups address their central spiritual, personal, and relational needs – beginning with good ministry to their children." Until that happens, the gulf between spiritual/religious interests and involvement will persist, with large numbers of Canadians continuing to define themselves as "spiritual but not religious."

Service Attendance: 1975-2010

Monthly-Plus and Never



SOURCES: Reginald W. Bibby, *Project Canada* Survey Series, 1975-80, General Social Surveys, Statistics Canada, 1985-2010.

Service Attendance and Importance & Frequency of Religious and Spiritual Practices by Region, Age, and Gender (%)

Engage in Personal Religion or Spiritual Practices Monthly-Plus	Importance of Religion or Spirituality To My Everyday Life Very or Somewhat	Religious Service Attendance Monthly-Plus	
50	65	28	NATIONALLY
46	62	25	ВС
55	71	33	Prairies
53	68	31	Ontario
43	54	19	Quebec
53	70	32	Atlantic
61	78	37	55+
50	66	25	35-54
41	53	22	18-34
58	71	31	Female
42	58	25	Male
41 58 42	53 71	22 31 25	18-34 Female

Reginald Bibby has been monitoring Canadian social and religious trends since the mid-1970s, making his findings available through twelve best-selling books. His most recent book is *Beyond the Gods & Back: Religion's Demise & and Rise and Why It Matters* (details concerning Bibby and his work are available at www.reginaldbibby.com).

Media Contacts

Reginald Bibby Professor & Board of Governors Research Chair Sociology, University of Lethbridge (403) 381-0151; bibby@uleth.ca Bob Cooney Communications Officer, Media Relations University of Lethbridge (403) 382-7173, 330-4609 cell robertcooney@uleth.ca